

RELATIONAL DATABASE DESIGN to the rescue!

First, hanapin natin yung mga data na puwedeng PAGHI-HIWALAYIN into its own "group".

Each "group" is called ENTITY

| STUDENTS | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------|----------|-----|------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-------------|
| id | firstname | lastname | age | course | school | gender | level |
| 1 | Jose | Cruz | 20 | BS Nursing | University of Sto. Tomas | male | third year |
| 2 | Ken | Vaida | 18 | Computer Science | Mapua | male | first year |
| 3 | Khay | Santos | 21 | HRM | University of the East | female | fourth year |
| 4 | Lyne | Samonte | 24 | BS Accounting | University of the Philippines | female | first year |
| 5 | Anton | Duterte | 26 | Aeronautics | Airlink | male | fifth year |

ihwalay sa sariling group (or table)

ihwalay sa sariling table

ihwalay sa sariling table

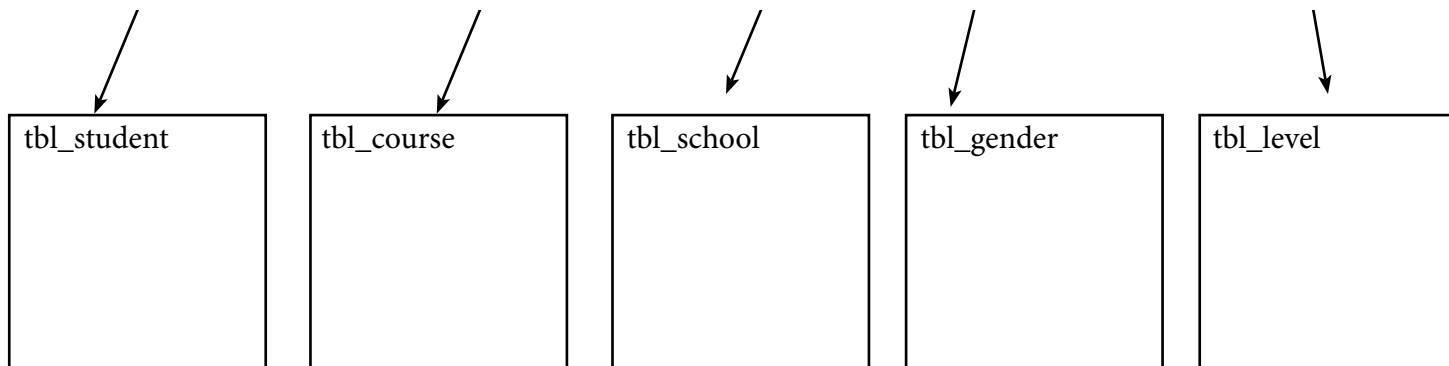
ihwalay sa sariling table

ihwalay sa sariling table

Ngayon meron na tayong 5 ENTITIES.

Ngayon let's call them STUDENT entity, COURSE entity, SCHOOL entity, GENDER entity, LEVEL entity ...tapos, i "drawing" lang natin or gawa tayo ng box pang represent.

or deretsahin na natin... let's call them tables na para wala ng pasikut sikut



So the ating DATABASE, ito na yung mga tables na gagawin natin. Ang kailangan na lang natin ilagay ay yung mga column names or field names.

(take note: ang paghahanap ng ENTITY takes practice.

Magiging second nature na ito pag kayo nag program or gumawa ng gumawa ng mga databases.

As a programmer, ma-e-encounter nyo ang database problem structure as you program and from that you will need to adjust structure...and in turn, mahahasa kayo sa pag design ng database)